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2 PALO ALTO SQUARE			MORRISON, JAY A	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/614,111	DULITZ ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	JAY A. MORRISON	2168				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
	/ IO OFT TO EVEIDE A MONTH!	0) OD THIRTY (00) BANG				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period value of the period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>08 A</u>	oril 2008.					
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar						
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>12-20,37-40 and 42-58</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>12-20,37-40 and 42-58</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct		• •				
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) All b) Some * c) None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
212 2						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Interview Summary					
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P					
Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)     Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:	- <b>Tr</b>				

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Reopen Prosecution

1. In view of the Appeal Brief filed on 4/28/2008, PROSECUTION IS HEREBY REOPENED. A new ground of rejection is set forth below.

If an appellant wishes to reinstate an appeal after prosecution is reopened, appellant must file a new notice of appeal in compliance with 37 CFR 41.31 and a complete new appeal brief in compliance with 37 CFR 41.37. Any previously paid appeal fees set forth in 37 CFR 41.20 for filing a notice of appeal, filing an appeal brief, and requesting an oral hearing (if applicable) will be applied to the new appeal on the same application as long as a final Board decision has not been made on the prior appeal. If, however, the appeal fees have increased since they were previously paid, then appellant must pay the difference between the current fee(s) and the amount previously paid. Appellant must file a complete new appeal brief in compliance with the format and content requirements of 37 CFR 41.37(c) within two months from the date of filing the new notice of appeal. See MPEP § 1205.

#### Remarks

2. Claims 12-20, 37-40 and 42-58 are pending.

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### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

4. Claims 12-17,40,42-48 and 50-55 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Meyerzon et al. ('Meyerzon' hereinafter) (Patent Number 6,547,829) in view of Cho et al. ('Cho' hereinafter) ("Finding replicated web collections," by Cho et al., Proceedings of the ACM SIGMOD International Conference on Management of Data, pages 355-366, 2000) and further in view of Wang et al. ('Wang' hereinafter) ("Web search services", Wang et al., University of Science and Technology, Hong

Kong, Issue Date: 2002, Series/Report no.: Computer Science Technical Report, HKUST-CS02-26).

As per claim 12, Meyerzon teaches

A method of detecting duplicate documents in a network crawling system, comprising: (see abstract and background)

constructing a plurality of tables, each table corresponding to a portion of a document address space (builds new index based on documents, column 4, lines 43-60), storing information identifying documents having a same document identifier and each identified document having an associated document rank; (column 2, lines 3-16)

receiving a newly crawled document, such document characterized by a document identifier and a document rank; (column 2, lines 3-16)

reading information stored in the plurality of tables to identify a set of documents, sharing the document identifier of the newly crawled document, and ascertaining an original representative document for the identified set of documents; (column 9, lines 18-29)

updating the information stored in at least one of the tables in accordance with the document ranks of the identified set of documents and the newly crawled document; (column 2, lines 3-16)

determining a representative document for the newly crawled document and the identified set of documents. (column 9, lines 32-40)

Meyerzon does not explicitly indicate "indexing the representative document when the representative document is the newly crawled document; and repeating the receiving, reading, updating, determining and indexing operations with respect to a plurality of newly crawled documents, each of which shares a respective document identifier with a respective set of documents".

However, <u>Cho</u> discloses "indexing the representative document when the representative document is the newly crawled document; and repeating the receiving, reading, updating, determining and indexing operations with respect to a plurality of newly crawled documents, each of which shares a respective document identifier with a respective set of documents, such that at least some of the newly crawled documents are determined to be representative documents and are indexed" (newly replicated collection, page 365, first column, second paragraph; one page displayed or represents collection of duplicate document, page 365, second column, first paragraph).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine Meyerzon and Cho because using the steps of "indexing the representative document when the representative document is the newly crawled document; and repeating the receiving, reading, updating, determining and indexing operations with respect to a plurality of newly crawled documents, each of which shares a respective document identifier with a respective set of documents, such that at least some of the newly crawled documents are determined to be representative documents and are indexed" would have given those skilled in the art the tools to improve the invention by allowing duplicate documents to be identified and represented.

This gives the user the advantage of not having multiple copies of the same document to choose from.

Neither <u>Meyerzon</u> nor <u>Cho</u> explicitly indicate "such that at least some of the newly crawled documents are determined to be representative documents and are indexed".

However, <u>Wang</u> discloses "such that at least some of the newly crawled documents are determined to be representative documents and are indexed" (update the index where pages have changed, page 9, first and second paragraphs).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine Meyerzon, Cho and Wang because using the steps of "such that at least some of the newly crawled documents are determined to be representative documents and are indexed" would have given those skilled in the art the tools to improve the invention by allowing changes in the web to be accurately implemented in search engines. This gives the user the advantage of having representative research results.

As per claim 13, Meyerzon teaches

information identifying the identified set of documents, including a particular document serving as the original representative document of the identified set, is stored in one or more tables. (column 9, lines 32-40)

As per claim 14, Meyerzon teaches

the determining includes comparing the document rank of the newly crawled document with that of the particular document from the identified set in accordance with a set of predefined comparison criteria; selecting the newly crawled document as the representative document if the set of predefined comparison criteria are met; (column 5, lines 20-40)

and keeping the particular document as the representative document if the set of predefined comparison criteria is not met. (column 2, lines 32-40)

As per claim 15, Meyerzon teaches

the set of predefined comparison criteria comprise at least two parameters, one parameter for comparison with an absolute difference of document ranks between the newly crawled document and the particular document, and another parameter for comparison with a ratio of document ranks between the newly crawled document and the particular document. (column 5, lines 20-40)

As per claim 16, Meyerzon teaches

the updating includes inserting information identifying the newly crawled document into the at least one table only when a predefined insertion condition is satisfied. (column 9, lines 32-40)

As per claim 17, Meyerzon teaches

the predefined insertion condition is that the document rank of the newly crawled document is higher than the document rank of at least one document in the identified set of documents. (column 2, lines 32-40)

As per claim 40, Meyerzon teaches

A computer program product for use in conjunction with a computer system, the computer program product comprising a computer readable storage medium and a computer program mechanism embedded therein, the computer program mechanism comprising: (see abstract and background)

instructions for constructing a plurality of data structures for storing information of documents (builds new index based on documents, column 4, lines 43-60), each document characterized by a document identifier and a document rank, the information stored in the plurality of data structures include the document identifier and a document rank for each document; (URL in history table and CID in separate CID table, column 2, lines 64 through column 3, line 22)

instructions for receiving a requesting document in association with its document identifier and document rank; (column 2, lines 3-16)

instructions for selecting from the plurality of data structures a set of documents sharing the same document identifier as the requesting document, and ascertaining an original representative document for the identified set of documents; (column 9, lines 18-40)

instructions for generating a new set of documents from the requesting document and the selected set of documents in accordance with their document rank; (column 2, lines 3-16)

instructions for identifying a representative document of the new set of documents. (column 9, lines 32-40)

Meyerzon does not explicitly indicate "instructions for indexing the representative document when said representative document is the newly crawled document; and instructions for repeating the receiving, reading, updating, determining and indexing operations with respect to a plurality of newly crawled documents, each of which shares a respective document identifier with a respective set of documents".

However, <u>Cho</u> discloses "instructions for indexing the representative document when said representative document is the newly crawled document; and instructions for repeating the receiving, reading, updating, determining and indexing operations with respect to a plurality of newly crawled documents, each of which shares a respective document identifier with a respective set of documents, such that at least some of the newly crawled documents are determined to be representative documents and are indexed" (newly replicated collection, page 365, first column, second paragraph; one page displayed or represents collection of duplicate document, page 365, second column, first paragraph).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine <u>Meyerzon</u> and <u>Cho</u> because using the steps of "instructions for indexing the representative document when said representative

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document is the newly crawled document; and instructions for repeating the receiving, reading, updating, determining and indexing operations with respect to a plurality of newly crawled documents, each of which shares a respective document identifier with a respective set of documents, such that at least some of the newly crawled documents are determined to be representative documents and are indexed" would have given those skilled in the art the tools to improve the invention by allowing duplicate documents to be identified and represented. This gives the user the advantage of not having multiple copies of the same document to choose from.

Neither <u>Meyerzon</u> nor <u>Cho</u> explicitly indicate "such that at least some of the newly crawled documents are determined to be representative documents and are indexed".

However, <u>Wang</u> discloses "such that at least some of the newly crawled documents are determined to be representative documents and are indexed" (update the index where pages have changed, page 9, first and second paragraphs).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine Meyerzon, Cho and Wang because using the steps of "such that at least some of the newly crawled documents are determined to be representative documents and are indexed" would have given those skilled in the art the tools to improve the invention by allowing changes in the web to be accurately implemented in search engines. This gives the user the advantage of having representative research results.

As per claim 42, Meyerzon teaches

the plurality of data structures include a data structure for storing information of multiple sets of documents, each set of documents sharing a same document content. (column 2, line 64 through column 3, line 22)

As per claim 43, Meyerzon teaches

the plurality of data structures include a data structure for storing information of multiple sets of documents, each set of documents sharing a same document address. (storage location, column 2, line 64 through column 3, line 22)

As per claim 44, Meyerzon teaches

the document identifier is a fixed length fingerprint of document content of a document characterized by the document identifier. (content identifier, column 2, line 64 through column 3, line 22)

As per claims 45, Meyerzon teaches

the document identifier is a fixed length fingerprint of an address of a document characterized by the document identifier. (content identifier, column 2, line 64 through column 3, line 22)

As per claims 46, Meyerzon teaches

the generating instructions include sorting the requesting document and the selected set of documents in accordance with a metric included in score information of the requesting document and selected set of documents; and selecting a new set of documents, having at most a predefined number of documents, from the requesting document and the selected set of documents based on the sorting result. (column 2, lines 3-16)

As per claims 47, Meyerzon teaches

the score information for each document includes a document rank; (column 2, lines 3-16)

and the identifying instructions include comparing the document rank of the requesting document with that of a particular document from the selected set of documents in accordance with a set of predefined comparison criteria, wherein the particular document was previously determined to be the representative document for the selected set of documents; (column 5, lines 20-40)

selecting the requesting document as the representative document for the new set of documents if the set of predefined comparison criteria are met; (column 2, lines 32-40)

and keeping the particular document as the representative document for the new set of documents if the set of predefined comparison criteria is not met. (column 2, lines 32-40)

As per claims 48, Meyerzon teaches

the set of predefined comparison criteria comprise at least two parameters, one parameter for comparison with an absolute difference of document rank between the requesting document and the particular document, and another parameter for comparison with a ratio of document rank between the requesting document and the particular document (column 8, lines 39-61).

As per claims 50-55,

These claims are rejected on grounds corresponding to the arguments given above for rejected claims 12-17 and are similarly rejected.

5. Claims 18-20,37-39 and 56-58 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Meyerzon et al. ('Meyerzon' hereinafter) (Patent Number 6,547,829) in view of Cho et al. ('Cho' hereinafter) ("Finding replicated web collections," by Cho et al., Proceedings of the ACM SIGMOD International Conference on Management of Data, pages 355-366, 2000) and further in view of Rujan et al. ('Rujan' hereinafter) (Patent Number 6,976,207) and further in view of Wang et al. ('Wang' hereinafter) ("Web search services", Wang et al., University of Science and Technology, Hong Kong, Issue Date: 2002, Series/Report no.: Computer Science Technical Report, HKUST-CS02-26).

As per claim 18, Meyerzon teaches

A method of detecting duplicate documents in a network crawling system, comprising: (see abstract and background)

constructing a plurality of tables, each table corresponding to a segment of a document address space, storing information identifying documents having a same document identifier and each identified document having an associated document rank, wherein the plurality of tables comprise N+1 tables where N is an integer greater than one, wherein the N+1 tables comprise N tables, each generated during a respective phase of a set of N crawling phases, and a current table generated during a current one of the N crawling phases, wherein an oldest one of the N tables was generated during a previous instance of the current crawling phase; (column 4, lines 43-60)

receiving a newly crawled document, such document characterized by a document identifier and a document rank; (column 2, lines 3-16)

reading information stored in the N+1 tables to identify a set of documents sharing the document identifier of the newly crawled document, and ascertaining an original representative document for the identified set of documents; (column 4, lines 43-60)

updating the information stored in the current table in accordance with the document rankings of the identified set of documents and the newly crawled document; (column 4, line 43 through column 5, line 13)

determining a representative document for the newly crawled document and the identified set of documents; (column 2, lines 32-40)

and upon completion of the current crawling phase, ... of the N tables. (column 5, lines 1-20)

Meyerzon does not explicitly indicate "indexing the representative document when said representative document is the newly crawled document; repeating the receiving, reading, updating, determining and indexing operations with respect to a plurality of newly crawled documents, each of which shares a respective document identifier with a respective set of documents".

However, <u>Cho</u> discloses "indexing the representative document when said representative document is the newly crawled document; repeating the receiving, reading, updating, determining and indexing operations with respect to a plurality of newly crawled documents, each of which shares a respective document identifier with a respective set of documents, such that at least some of the newly crawled documents are determined to be representative documents and are indexed" (newly replicated collection, page 365, first column, second paragraph; one page displayed or represents collection of duplicate document, page 365, second column, first paragraph).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine Meyerzon and Cho because using the steps of "indexing the representative document when said representative document is the newly crawled document; repeating the receiving, reading, updating, determining and indexing operations with respect to a plurality of newly crawled documents, each of which shares a respective document identifier with a respective set of documents, such that at least some of the newly crawled documents are determined to be representative

documents and are indexed" would have given those skilled in the art the tools to improve the invention by allowing duplicate documents to be identified and represented. This gives the user the advantage of not having multiple copies of the same document to choose from.

Neither Meyerzon nor Cho explicitly indicate "retiring the oldest one".

However, Rujan discloses "retiring the oldest one" (column 15, lines 20-25).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to combine Meyerzon, Cho and Rujan because using the steps of "retiring the oldest one" would have given those skilled in the art the tools to create an effective information storage and retrieval system. This gives the user the advantage of keeping a limited amount of historic information.

Neither <u>Meyerzon</u>, <u>Cho</u> nor <u>Rujan</u> explicitly indicate "such that at least some of the newly crawled documents are determined to be representative documents and are indexed".

However, <u>Wang</u> discloses "such that at least some of the newly crawled documents are determined to be representative documents and are indexed" (update the index where pages have changed, page 9, first and second paragraphs).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine Meyerzon, Cho, Rujan and Wang because using the steps of "such that at least some of the newly crawled documents are determined to be representative documents and are indexed" would have given those skilled in the art the tools to improve the invention by allowing changes in the web to be accurately

implemented in search engines. This gives the user the advantage of having representative research results.

As per claim 19, Meyerzon teaches

the reading comprises reading from a merged table that stores information from a plurality of the N tables, and reading from the current table (column 4, lines 43-60).

As per claim 20, Meyerzon teaches

information identifying the identified set of documents, including a particular document serving as the original representative document of the identified set, is stored in one or more tables (column 9 lines 32-40).

As per claims 37-39,

These claims are rejected on grounds corresponding to the arguments given above for rejected claims 18-20 and are similarly rejected.

As per claims 56-58,

These claims are rejected on grounds corresponding to the arguments given above for rejected claims 18-20 and are similarly rejected.

6. Claim 49 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Meyerzon et al. ('Meyerzon' hereinafter) (Patent Number 6,547,829) in view of Cho et al. ('Cho' hereinafter) ("Finding replicated web collections," by Cho et al., Proceedings of the ACM SIGMOD International Conference on Management of Data, pages 355-366, 2000) and further in view of Wang et al. ('Wang' hereinafter) ("Web search services", Wang et al., University of Science and Technology, Hong Kong, Issue Date: 2002, Series/Report no.: Computer Science Technical Report, HKUST-CS02-26) and further in view of Lambert et al. ('Lambert' hereinafter) (Patent Number 6,976,207).

As per claims 49,

Neither <u>Meyerzon</u>, <u>Cho</u> nor <u>Wang</u> explicitly indicate "a document is a temporary redirect page comprising a document content, a source document at address, and a target document address".

However, <u>Lambert</u> discloses "a document is a temporary redirect page comprising a document content, a source document at address, and a target document address" (paragraph [0057]).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to combine Meyerzon, Cho, Wang and Lambert because using the steps of "a document is a temporary redirect page comprising a document content, a source document address, and a target document address" would have given those skilled in the art the tools to accurately represent web sites and the content that they hold. This gives the user the advantage of recognizing web page structure.

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# Response to Arguments

- 7. Applicant's arguments filed 4/28/2008 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.
- 8. Applicant argues that neither Meyerzon nor Cho disclose "indexing the representative document when the representative document is the newly crawled document; and repeating the receiving, reading, updating, determining and indexing operations with respect to a plurality of newly crawled documents, each of which shares a respective document identifier with a respective set of documents, such that at least some of the newly crawled documents are determined to be representative documents and are indexed". Applicant further argues that Meyerzon looks for a document that exists in a history table and does not index the document if it does exist, and therefore newly crawled documents are never used as the representative document. The Applicant similarly argues against the Cho reference teaching the same subject matter and has the same deficiencies as Meyerzon. Respectfully, it is noted that the newly cited Wang reference discloses that a crawler can update an index and that pages may have changed (page 9, first and second paragraph), which solves the shortcomings described by the Applicant. Therefore the concept of a representative document is taught in Meyerzon and Cho references minus rebuilding of an index, but Wang teaches

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this limitation. Therefore the new rejections presented as combinations of Meyerzon, Cho and Wang (in claims 12-17, 40, 42-49 and 50-55), or Meyerzon, Cho, Rujan and Wang (in claims 18-20, 37-39 and 56-58), respectively disclose the limitation.

### Conclusion

9. The prior art made of record, listed on form PTO-892, and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jay A. Morrison whose telephone number is (571) 272-7112. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8-4:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Tim Vo can be reached on (571) 272-3642. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

July 7, 2008

Jay Morrison TC2100 Tim Vo TC2100

/Pierre M. Vital/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2169